TALK COMPROMISE AGAIN.

BUT SOME OPPOSE ANY CONCESSION TO GOV. BLACK.

What Republican Politicians Are Saying About an Effort to Stop the Present Controversy-The Conservative Ones Relieve That the Breach Should Be Healed.

For Governor-Theodore Roosevelt of New York. For Lieutenant-Governor-James M. E. O'Grady of

For Comptroller-William J. Morgan of Eric. For Attorney-General -- Ex-County Judge Kellogg of

For State Treasurer-John P. Jaeckel of Cayuga.

If the Republican State Convention was to assemble this morning the foregoing uncompleted ticket would be nominated without the slightest doubt. From the best sources of information yesterday the disposition of a majority of the 971 delegates to the convention favored the nomination of these men. The great drift, of course, is in favor of Col. Roosevelt. Only the narrowest friends of Gov. Black dispute that statement. From the highest authority it was ascertained last night that Timothy L. Woodruff of the borough of Brooklyn cannot be renominated for Lieutenant-Governor. The country Republicans object to any such programme, it was ascertained. Very many Republicans also, it was learned, object to the nomination of William J. Morgan to be Comptroller. But Erie county stands fast on this matter. It insists upon Morgan and declines to name any other. The Republican leaders desire, it was said, the fullest support in the approaching campaign from Eric county. The nomination of Mr. Kellogg to be Attorney-General is very greatly desired, it was said by Republicans who will be influential in the Saratoga Convention. As for Mr. Jaeckel as the candidate for State Treasurer, it may be said that all of his friends in the western part of the State are working day and night to bring about his nomination. He is now enjoying his second term as City Treasurer of Auburn. His friends believe that his nomination for State Treasurer would add strength to the ticket.

Senator Platt had talks yesterday with Justice William M. K. Olcott and other Republicans. Justice Olcott, it was said, desires to be nominated for Attorney-General. He lives here, This fact, it was added, may militate against him, inasmuch as the nomination of Col. Roosevelt of New York for Governor, in the estimation of the most consvicuous Republicans, is a foregone conclusion.

THE SUN has said several times during the last few weeks, especially when the strife be-tween Gov. Black's friends and the supporters of Col. Boosevelt was becoming more intense every day, that at the last efforts would be made to bring about a compromise in the interest of Gov. Black. It was repeatedly said at the time that the compromise would take form so that Mr. Black would be sent United States Senate in case the Republicans captured the Legislature. The strife between Gov. Black's friends and his Republican factional adversaries continued and has become even more intense, and the talk of a compromise or a settlement of the differ-ences dropped out of sight until yesterday. It was then renewed with vigor. It was even said that Senator Platt was ready to take any steps that would heal the wounds of old friends who are friendly to Black now. Senator Platt, when spoken to on the subject, declined to utter a word as to his opinions in the matter.

Eminent Republicans close to Senator Platt both in State and city affairs, it was accortained last night, have expected all along that Gov. Black's friends at the last moment would attempt some such movement as bringing in Gov. Black as a candidate for United States Senator. Some of the friends of Gov. Black down this way even went so far as to say last night that while they would vote for Gov. Black in the convention, they hoped with all their hearts that the convention at Saratoga would find it expedient to adopt a resolution declar-ing Black to be its choice for United States Benator. The State Republicans and the city Republicans who talked about such a prospec-tive action said they had discussed the matter with Senator Platt and had declared to him

These Republican advisers of Senator Platt did not hesitate to say that Gov. Black and his advisers at Albany had turned out to be the most vindictive Republican State politiclans the State had seen for many years. Furthermore, that Republicans who had started out in this ante-convention campaign with a desire to be friendly and fair to Gov. Black and his friends had been switched over against them because of the false and vindictive statements which had been uttered by the members of the Albany regency.

which had been uttered by the members of the Albany regency.

To put it in more practical words, the Re-publicans who object to any compromise in the present fight declared last night that the tacking on of Black in the present campaign would seriously higher the prospects of the Republican State ticket. Then these Repub-lican crities of the Albany regency went on to say that the Black-Payn-Aldridge combine that stated out nearly two years age to smash would seriously kniure the prospects of the Republican State teket. Then these Republican eritles of the Albany regency went on to say that the Black-Payn-Aldridge combine had started out pearly two years ago to smash everything and everybody and to set up shop for themselves; that they had run the patronage at Albany to suit themselves, and that there had been no broad or intellectual idea of the necessities of the Republican party of the State of New York. The factional adversaries of the Black combine declared unreservedly that they would oppose to the last moment anything looking like a compromise, and that Gov. Black and his friends must go on now and show their strength in the State Convention. These critices of the Black combine went on to say that if Mr. Black became a United States Senator he and his old friends at Albany would at Washington pursue all of the Republicans in New York who had opposed his renomination for Governor.

The foregoing is a very mild interpretation of what was said last night by Republicans who had heard of the new talk of a compromise in the present controversy. Notwithstanding all this it was evident to some that the fight between the up-country Republicans and the city Republicans had become so bitter that something must be done to scothe it, for the reason that questions of great moment are dependent upon the results of the election in the State of New York this fall.

It may be deemed expedient—and in fact necessary, it was added—to attempt to harmonize all differences. It may be said without the slightest fear of contradiction, however, that the present controversy has left scars which will be apparent for many a day. Gov. Black's friends, it was intimated by those familiar with the facts, have apparently lost some of their old-time political sense. For instance, at their special request The Sun printed last Monday morning a statement by counties riving Gov. Black's friends disavowed the statement printed in The Sun, and even publicly announced that the statement was the

tie disgusted.

Some of the friends of Gov. Black were greatly pleased yesterday because the State League of Republican Clubs at Faratoga had declared for Black. Old-timers said that Deacon Payn, Parson Aldridge, Brother Collins and Elder Easton—the Governor's Cabinet—could not have let this news out. The State League Clubs, it was made known, do not control a single delegate to the Republican State Convention and do not represent a single constituency as to the Republican sendiment of the State of New York. Those conversant with the work of the League clubs at Saratoga, however, said that the pronunclamentos in favor of Gov. Black had been issued for the purpose of attempting to swerve public sentiment in favor of Gov. Black.

It was announced yesterday that the plan for holding a conference of the Republican delegates from Brooklyn to the State Convention within a few days had been abandoned, and that the conference was not likely to take place before the delegates got to Saratoga. Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, at the noted gathering of the delegates, and is therefore the only person authorized to call a conference. It is understood that he is opposed to any formal conference until the day before the meeting of the convention.

Mr. Woodruff took opecasion yesterday to

conference until the day before the meeting of the convention.

Mr. Woodrulf took occasion yesterday to deny the reports that he had abandoned the cause of flow Black, and declared that he realized that it was hopeless to resist the tide which was sweeping in all directions in favor of Col. Roosevelt.

"I am a candidate for renomination." he put in his heartily in favor of Gov. Elsek and will do all I

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 15.—The Crown Prince of Corea is still ill from the effects of the poison put in his food. The poisoner is said to be a

THDRAWING FROM CUBA

can for our mutual success. I told the Governor that such would be my attitude, and I will stand by my word as given to him. I will be with him until the end, as in honor bound, no matter what the result may be to me.

Meanwhile the district associations all over the borough are coming outstrongly indorsing Col. Roosevelt for the chief place on the ticket, apparently regardless of the effect of such action on the political fortunes of Mr. Woodruffoe Roosevelt resolutions were adopted on Wednesday night by the Ward Committee of the Twenty-fourth ward, two district associations in the Twenty-third. This we have the resolution adopted by the association of the Twenty-third. This we the resolution adopted by the association of the Third Election district of the latter ward?

Whereas, It is of the utmost importance that we may the case to a Republica in order that we may elect a Republican unit states Schator; and.

Whereas, That result can best be obtained by no nating the strongest candidate for Governor, with the control of the comment of the candidate for Governor, is having the party throughout the State.

Retoived, That in the person of Theodore Reveit is to be found all the qualities that go to may strong candidate—a man eminently qualified to insto victors. We, therefore, the members of Third district of the Twenty-third ward do her recommend to the voters of this city his moming for the high office of Governor, and urge the gates to the Gubernatorial Convention from the trict to do all in their power to bring about his fination.

The Eighth District Republican Association the law. WILL TAKE SOME TIME TO RE-MOVE 150,000 SPANISH TROOPS.

The Eighth District Republican Associated the Twenty-third ward, Brooklyn, met night in Cliffon place, near Bedford asy. Butus L. Briggs presiding, and unanisty adopted this resolution:

Resolved, That we look with confidence to ob-gates to the State Convention to faithfully rent the wishes of the Republican voters of them-teenth Assembly district, which we know to 'ex-whelmingly in favor of the nomination of Cec-dore Roosevelt for Governor of the State ew York.

Thus it goes all along the lf

BRICE'S CHINESE ILROAD.

Signed in Washton.

granting a concession for a Iroad from Can-

ton to Hankow. China, waskned in this city yesterday by the Chinese hister and repre-

entatives of the China Deoping Company,

of which ex-Senator Calvin Brice is the head.

This gives the American dipany the right to

build and control a railroa/early 800 miles in

length through the richeand most populous

part of China, and confis the statement

made by ex-Minister Dey in an interview two days ago that China R decided to grant

Thurlow Weed Barnesad two other rep-

resentatives of the Chit Developing Com-

Since an agreement had leen freached between China and the amerian company. Mr. Denby said he understood that Sheng Tao Tai was trying to arrange natters so that the original plan should be carled out, and the American company should lave control over all concessions for railroad suilding in China. This was because the Chiese Government had confidence in America and felt secure against an attempt to selzahe territory that should be developed.

This railroad from Handw to Canton, Mr. Denby said, would be on of the most important that could be built a China, because it would run through the first populous provinces, where 200,000,000 pople were crowded together. The road wouldates connect Hankow with the Belgian roal from that city of Pekin, where there wouldbe connection with the great Siberian railrad of Russia. Its importance could hardly be estimated, because no one could predit what rail connection between Canton and ft. Petersburg would mean in the way of charting routes of travel and the carrying trade.

CUBAN HURT BY HI DYNAMITE GUN.

Breech Block Blew O and Struck the In-

Alfred La Rossa, 38 years old, a wealthy re-ired Cuban residing in Ocean View Villa,

Richmond avenue, Arrothar, S. I., was severely

injured yesterday afternoon while testing a dynamite gun. Mr. La Rossa is the inventor of

he gun, which stands on a tripod, and is about

three feet long and two inches in diameter. It

fires a dynamite projectile about two inches in

The inventor had the permission of the Gov-

ernment to test his gun at Sandy Hook and was

ernment to test his gun at Sandy Hook and was making a preliminary test in a field near his house yesterday. A Cuban friend, Henry Mayolini, was standing by him, watching the work. Mr. La Rossa had fired one shot with apparent success and was standing twenty feet behind the gun, with string in hand, ready to fire it the second time. Mr. Mayolini was standing close by his side.

A report was heard, and Mayolini saw his friend fall to the ground, with his face bleeding. The cartridge had exploded in the breech, and the breech block flew back, striking La Rossa squarely in the face. Mayolini was not injured.

As ambulance was summoned. The wounded

jured.
An ambulance was summoned. The wounded man was removed to the Smith Infirmary, where it was ascertained he had sustained a compound fracture of the law. The flesh about his mouth and nose was badly torn.

The Pope Approves of the Casr's Proposals

Epecial Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
ROME, Sept. 15.—The Pope has telegraphed

to St. Petersburg, giving his entire adhesion to

Corea's Crown Prince Still Ill.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUS.

the Czar's disarmament proposals.

length.

such a concession to the Apricans.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- e final contract

est of Them Will Leave from Havana We Will Occupy Each District as the Spanish Depart-Customs Will First Be Placed in Our Hands-Blanco in Charge Till We Assume Control - Disbanding Cubans and Disarming the Volunteers. Special Cable Despatch to Tun Sun.

HAVANA, Sept. 15.-The American and Spanish Military Commissioners are carrying on their negotiations with the utmost cordiality. It is now known that the evacuation of the island by the Spanish troops will require a longer time than was at first expected. This is due not only to the material difficulties in providing for the embarkation of over 150,-000 men, including the regular troops and such of the militia as desire to go, but also to the fact that the American commission will have to take charge of the different departments that are now controlled by the Spanish

Army. Captain-General Blanco, all reports to the contrary, will remain at his post until the last. He is deserving of much credit from his Government for maintaining peace and order here until the Americans assume control. American Commissioners fully understand his position and the necessity of his presence to the peaceful conduct of their negotiations, and they do not question his authority or interfere in matters of government that are absolutely under his charge and responsibility while the change from Spanish to American

doe Boosevelt for Governor of the State ew York.

The nine election district associations the Twenty-ninth ward, which comprises en-tire Flatbush district, met last nightpre-pare tickets for the coming primaries! in all of them resolutions indorsing Col. Evelt were adopted.

Harry A. Hanbury, the leader of the pub-lican forces in the Eighth ward, and of the delegates to the State Convention, is ithu-siastic advocate of the nomination Col. Rocsevelt. One of Mr. Hanbury spatit-uents said yesterday that Lieut.-Getood-ruff felt hurt over Mr. Hanbur open declaration in favor of the rol rider and made an urgent personal requentim to remain quiescent until the delies got together at Saratoga and had a chip to take over the situation. Mr. Hanbury, was re-ported, told Mr. Woodruff that froje start he had been careful to make no gree, and felt entirely free to join with the sublican masses in the Rocsevelt procession. The Linwood Republican Club of fewenty-sixth ward. Brooklyn, adopted las ght the following resolutions favoring the mination of Rocsevelt: rule is taking effect. Petitions and complaints continue to be sent to Gen. Wade, the President of the American commission. To all these Gen. Wade politely declines to answer, advising those who bring them to apply to Gen. Blanco for the

relief they seek. As was cabled to THE SUN vesterday, the Customs Department will be the first to be turned over to the Americans. The present employees will be kept as far as possible, but they will be under strict American supervision until the service is fully organized by

the Washington authorities. Before that time the evacuation will have taken place in part, principally by way of Havans, from which port all the Spanish troops in the nearest provinces-Pinar del Rio, Matangas and probably Santa Clara-will sail for Spain. The troops in the province of Puerto Principe will probably be the last to leave.

of Roosevelt:

Whereas, We are approaching a time at the people of this State will select a Governer deem it our privilege to express our admiratior the gentleman who seems to be the most able can didate; and
Whereas, The Hon. Theodore Roose has, by his manly and patriotic course during war with Spain, given again proof of the notife this character and his absolute fearlessness; at Whereas, The wide experience at Theodore Roosevelt has had his conciontidevotion to whatever he undertakes, his unquested honesty, his marked ability, have undoubted people, who learned the processing in him a noble example discretain manhood and regard him with the use confidence; and There is no civil Governor here now, the military authorities being in full charge of all affairs. The surrender of the forts and bathood and regard him with the us contactes, and

Whereas, His private character cofficial record in the past are as guarantee that fill administer any office he might fill with jub and ability; therefore be it

Resolved; That we heartily indores candidacy of Col. Roosevelt, feeling confidentat he will faithfully perform the duties of hilice; and be it further

Resolved. That the delegates to State Convention from this Assembly district hereby requested to vote for Col. Roosevelt.

Thus it goes all along the M. eries will be gradual, the Spaniards withdrawing as the American troops come to take charge of them. Simultaneously with the evacuation arrangements will have to be made for the Americans to take control of each department surrendered.

"Ours is not an easy task," a member of the commission said yesterday to the correspondent of THE SUN. "The amount of work is immense. The commission is working hard getting information about the military and political situation in each province and the important cities inland." The Contract for the Cam-Hankow Line

The most important point to be considered at present is the disarmament of the volunteers and the disbandment of the Cuban army. Representations have been made to the commission by merchants, planters, and farmers concerning the danger of keeping in existence these armed bodies, which represent the extremes of the factions. The volunteers are ready to disarm. They will offer no objection to being deprived of their weapons, though the arms in a majority of cases are the private property of the men. The disbandment of the Cuban army will be a more difficult task. Unlike the volunteers, they have no resources upon which to live as private citizens. The Cuban soldiers remain around the cities, awaiting payment or the means of work.

pany came from New brk yesterday and had a long interview widWu Ting Fang, the Chinese Minister. Thejett with a signed contract for building thealiread, so that the company may now, begin/ork as soon as de-To-morrow the Cubans who during the war contract for building the alroad, so that the company may now, beginvork as soon as desired.

Ex-Minister Denby at to-day that if the contract had been sign it was a most important step in the devopment of China by Americans. The Chinabeveloping Company had been working to secrethis concession for several years. While it United States Government does not allowing Ministers to give any material help to camercial enterprises, as other Governmentso, he had made such representations as he edd to the Chinese Government to help Amerin capital and enterprise to find a foothold China. Sheng Tao Tai, Imperial Director Railroads in China, is very triendly to Aericans, and believes that it is good policy give all railroad concessions to American apitalists for the reason that the United lates is the only nation that can be trustenot to seize the territory developed by its lople.

But for the failure togree that China should indorse the bonds of he railroads built, the Americans would havescured all the concessions in China. But Gina refused to do this, and the first negotiatins fell through. Then Belgium received a conession for a road from Pekin to Hankow, which is under construction.

Since an agreement had leen 'reached between China and the american company, Mr. Denby said he understood that Sheng Tao Tai was trying to arrange afters so that the original plan should be earlied out, and the formed a secret revolutionary Junta will give an entertainment at the Tacon Theatre, ostenfor the benefit of the sick, but it is said that the receipts will be given to the Cuban

The newspaper La Lucha says that the provisions from the steamer Comal have not been landed owing to the fault of the persons in charge of the ship. It adds that the Spanish authorities have offered to even pay the duties and the expenses of landing the cargo and to help distribute the provisions. It declares that the reason the Comai remains unloaded is a desire to conceal the true amount of the cargo, which would, of course, be known at the Custom House if the duties were paid. According to La Lucha the cargo on the Comal is smaller than the total the Red Cross Society wishes to announce to the American public The article has created a sensation.

Admiral Sampson landed this morning with his staff from the transport Resolute and went to Vedado to his rooms at the Salon Trocha. Col. Clous, Secretary of the commission, landed with Admiral Sampson. Gen. Butler, who was already at the Salon Trocha, went on board the Besolute this morning to confer with Gen. Wade. It is announced that Gen. Wade will probably to-day take his rooms at the Salon Trocha. The house is not sufficiently large to accommodate all the members of the commission and their staffs and a neighboring one will be rented to-morrow.

Mr. R. P. Porter, who is here on a special mission, returned yesterday from the railroad station, whither he had gone to take the train for Cienfuegos to study the financial situation there. He suddenly decided to postpone his trip for a while. He is now on the

After conferring with Gen. Wade, the Provincial Assembly, at its session to-day, pro-tested against the gift made to the Spanish Club by the Cabinet Council and Captain-General Bianco of the ground on which the old walls of the city stood. Deputy Vondi, speaking in the name of the Assembly, says that the ground belongs to the province and not to the

Government.
The attitude of the insurgents, in spite their lack of provisions, is highly praised by the Spanish press. The Cuban General Roubau has arrested several men at Sagua Is Grande who were detected stealing cattle, and has turned them over to the Spanish authori-

THE MASSACHUSETTS CLEANED. Hull of the Battleship Was Very Foul-Her

Smokestacks to He Raised. The battleship Massachusetts was put in Dry Dock No. 3 yesterday morning. The hull of the vessel was in a very foul condition, as she had not been in dry dock for nearly a year. The hull was scraped and painted yesterday. Some minor repairs will be made in dry deck and she will then be taken to the Cob Dock, where her machiners will be generally over-hauled and her smokestacks increased ten fest in order to give her greater draught

COAL FOR MANILA.

The Big Sailing Ship Susquehanna to Make the Circuit of the World.

Nonrolk, Va., Sept. 15 .- The sailing ship susquehanna of Bath, Me., cleared to-day with 2,768 tons of coal for Manila. It is stated that the Susquehanna will make the circuit of the world on this trip. She will go to Manila round the Cape of Good Hope and return to New York. She is owned by Arthur Rewall, William J. Bryan's running mate for the Fresidency. Her Captain, J. D. Sewall, is the Bath shipowaer's hophew.

FILIPINO CONGRESS.

Aguinaldo Asks the Delegates to Prepare Constitution.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUX. LONDON, Sept. 16 .- The correspondent of the Times at Manila says that he attended the meeting of the insurgent Congress held at Malolos on Thursday, He says that early in the morning Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, accompanied by a large staff of Generals and the ministers of the revolutionary government, moved in state from the convent, which is the military headquarters of the insurgents, and passed between times of infantry. The streets were decorated with palms and banners and were packed with thousands of peasants in holiday dress. The procession marched to a church a half mile distant. Here Aguinaldo was received by the assembly of delegates and conducted to a platform in the chancel, from which he delivered a brief message in the Tagalo and Spanish languages.

The message was mainly congratulatory upon the happy termination of the revo-lution and the complete conquest of the Philippine territory. Aguinaldo made a flowery appeal to the delegates. asking them, by the memory of the illustrious patriots of Philippine history, to follow the eximple of England, the United States and France in preparing a constitution and promulgating laws that would secure the complete and permanent liberty of the Filipinos.

The message excited little enthusiasm because it was absolutely indefinite. The Assembly immediately entered into a pre-

liminary discussion of a constitution, a code of laws, and the election of a President. The absence of several of the most prominent and most influential of the natives was particularly noticeable, indicating their intention to hold aloof until the policy of the Congress is fully feelared.

A strong party, intoxicated by success, favors opposition to any foreign protectorate, being confident that the people can govern themselves.

Wiser counsellors strenuously oppose such a suicidal policy. The only present unanimity seems to be the determination to be free forever from Spanish rule. This universal feeling will probably prove the

controlling power in determining the final action of the Congress.

BLOWN UP BY A TORPEDO.

Naval Officers Have a Narrow Escape While Experimenting at New Bedford. NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 15.-The Cun-

ningham navy was completely annihilated here this morning by the "Flying Devil" torpedo, which has been interesting the Navy Depart-ment for the last two or three years. The Cunningham navy consisted of the schooner Freeman, which Patrick Cunningham, inventor of the torpdoe, had fitted up for the purpose of experimenting with the weapon. There were on board the craft at the time Lieuts Holman and Oliver of the United States Navy, who were supervising a test of the torpedo in the interest of the Government, and seven other men. Singular to relate, none of the men received injuries of any moment.

The torpedo is fired from a submarine gun placed about three feet below the surface of the water. One torpedo had been fired without accident. On the second shot the torpedo exploded in the gun, lifting the deck of the vessel and blowing a big hole in her bow.

Two of the men in the vicinity of the gun were blown some lifteen feet, but were not rendered unconscious and were able to reach the deek of the vessel before she went down, which she did in less than five minutes. Lieut. Holman was at the breech of the gun when it exploded. He was thrown into a corner, together with a mass of wreekage, but when he picked himself up he still held his lighted cigar between his teeth. His hat subsequently floated out through the hole in the vessel's bow, and when he recovered it he was in as good shape as ever.

This was Lieut. Holman's second experience in being blown up, he having been on the Maine when she was destroyed in Havana

CAPT. EVANS DETACHED.

ot to Take the lows to Manila-Capt Terry to Succeed Him

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The detachment of the battleship lows on the eve of her departure from Brooklyn for the Philippines by way of Honolulu was the surprise of the day at the Navy Department. Capt. Evans came over from New York and called on Secretary Long this afternoon. He made a personal request that he be detached on the ground that he has already served more than his term of sea duty. Secretary Long granted the request, and will assign Capt. Evans to membership on the Board of Inspection and Survey, of which Admiral Dewey was President up to the time of his departure for the Orient to take command of the Asiatic station.

Capt. Evans will be succeeded in the command of the Iowa by Capt. Silas Terry, who has charge of the receiving ship Franklin at Norfolk. Capt. Terry was at the Navy Department to-day, and when Capt, Evans's reques had been made and granted Capt. Terry was nsked if he would like to command the Iowa, and immediately expressed his gratification at the offer. A cordial reception was given to Capt. Evans at the Navy Department. His friends were surprised to find that he had grown so thin.

HIGH STEPS OF STREET CARS.

Mr. Guggenheimer Is Preparing an Ordinance to Regulate Their Altitude.

A delegation from the Central Labor Union called upon President Guggenheimer of the Council yesterday and had some talk with him over the complaints made by delegates of the C. L. U. as to the high steps of street cars. The delegation told him that there was great danger to passengers from the present high steps

The delegation said afterward that Mr. Guggenheimer was preparing an ordinance which he would submit to the Council and to the Board of Aldermen. It will provide that the steps shall not be at a dangerous height, and that ears must be stopped when signalled.

GEN. CLAY'S DIFORCED WIFE.

Dora Richardson to Be Married To-Day to Riley Brock, a Farmhand.

PINKARD, Ky., Sept. 15 .- To-morrow is the day set for the marriage of Dora Richardson. the divorced wife of Gen. Cassius M. Clay, and Riley Brock, a farmhand. They became sweethearts before Brock left Valley View last spring to join the army then assembling at Lexington. She followed him to the city and remained there until he left for Chickamauga. He was sent home on account of a defective throat, and when Mrs. Clay came here to keep house for her single brother, Leonard, Brock came along and has been boarding with them.

Accidentally Killed by a Mauser. William Hickey, a stevedore, of 59 Columbia

street, Brooklyn, was killed by a Mauser bullet from a captured Spanish rifle yesterday. Hickey was one of a gang of stevedores engaged in unloading Mauser rifles captured at antiago from the transport Saratoga, which is lying at the foot of Joralemon street, Brooklyn The men had been told that the rifles were not The men had been took that cartridge was left in one of the rifles which Hickey was loading on a flat car. It exploded, the bullet entering Hickey's side. He died shortly afterward in the Long Island College Hospital.

Lest Newport Er., via L. I. R. H., \$1.50, Sept. 18th. Music on boat, T'Hote Dinner, 75c. See Ex. col.—Ads.

OUR PEACE TERMS FORMED.

NO DEFIATION OR MODIFICATION WILL BE PERMITTED.

Statement by Secretary Day That the Terms Cannot Be Made Public at Present-It Is Understood That We Will Keep the Island of Luxon and Insist Upon a Sort of Semi-Control Over the Other Philippine Islands, with Spain in Apparent Charge -Spain May Decide to Retire Altogether.

WARHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- At 11 o'clock tonight, at the conclusion of a dinner given by President McKinley to the members of the Cabinet and the Peace Commission, Secretary of State Day handed the following official statement to a representative of THE SUN:

"The members of the Peace Commission, with the exception of Senator Gray, whose absence was due to his inability to withdraw as counsel in a case in which he was engaged some time before his appointment as one of the Peace Commissioners, have spent the greater part of yesterday and to-day in a free discussion of duties the discharge of which they had been intrusted with by the President. Senator Gray is expected during the evening. and before sailing will have a full conference with the President and his associates.
"While for obvious reasons it was determined

that the nature of the instructions as to the negotiations about to be entered upon should for the present be kept secret and made known only after definite results shall have reached, it is possible to state authoritatively that the commission goes to Paris fully prepared to follow course of action mapped out for it as the result of the consultations of the last two days. At the very outset it will be made clear to the Spanish Commissioners that, as in the case of the preliminary protocol, there can

mands made by the United States. "The decision arrived at by the President after a full consultation with the members of the commission, subsequently received the cordial and unanimous approval of the Cabinet at a meeting held this afternoon. As previously announced, the commission sails from New York on the Campania at 2 o'clock on

be no deviation from or modification of the de-

Saturday afternoon." The above statement shows conclusively that the Government's policy in regard to the fate of the Philippines has been settled absolutely and that nothing of any vital importance that will come before the joint commission to assemble in Paris will be left to the discretion of American Commissioners. The Commissioners have received explicit instructions as to what to demand, and, as made plain by the statement, they will have no authority to modify or change these demands in any way or to accept suggestions of modifications or changes from

the Spanish representatives.

From the terms of the statements it is obvious, therefore, that the Commissioners have a cut and dried programme to carry out as to what the United States must secure from Spain in territorial concession and in guarantees before a peace treaty can be concluded. According to the best information obtainable the demand of the United States for concession of territory includes only the island of Luzon, the chief island of the Philippines archipelago, in which is situated the city of Manila. But this demand is to be coupled with insistence that Spain shall give guarantees which will practically secure to the United States the future control of the entire Philippines archipelago.

There is every reason to believe that the res of the islands will be permitted to remain under Spanish rule, but this Government must be of a character entirely satisfactory to the United States. Furthermore Spain will not be permitted to dispose of the islands without the consent of this Government. In a measure the United States asserts control but not ownership over the entire Philippines archipelago and becomes responsible for the maintenance of an orderly, just, and humane administration of affairs. In addition to these things the United States will have practical control over the commerce of the entire Philippines

Secretary Day had a long conference yester-Commission, and to-day these, with another member, Senator Frye, were in consultation Capt. Robley D. Evans from the command of with the President for several hours. When the consultation was finished the members of the commission had been made thorough ly acquainted with the President's policy, and, it is understood, committed themselves to the responsibility for its fulfilment and the accountability to which they will be held by the American people. Between the conclusion of this session and the beginning of a Cabinet meeting, which began at 3 o'clock the draft of the instructions was completed. It was read to the Cabinet, discussed, and, as mentioned in the official statement, approved

the draft of the Instructions was completed. It was read to the Cabinet, discussed, and, as mentioned in the official statement, approved by the President's advisers.

To-night the President gave a dinner at the White House to the members of the Peace Commission and the Cabinet, but this was devoted entirely to social intercourse and not to discussing and mapping out the commission's work. Those present at the dinner were: Secretary Day, who will retire from the Cabinet to-morrow; Secretary Long. Secretary Gage. Attorney-General Griggs. Postmaster-General Smith. Secretary Bliss, Secretary Wilson, Senator Dayis, Senator Frye, Mr. Whitelaw Reid, exsecretary of State John W. Foster, Assistant Secretary of State John W. Foster, Assistant Secretary of State Moore, who will be Secretary Secretary of State Moore, who will be Secretary of State Moore, who will be Secretary of State Moore, who will be Secretary Secretar

will also accompany him

SUNK A FILIPINO STEAMER. Madrid Says Spanish Gunbeats Did It—Many of the Crew Drowned. Special Cable Desputch to THE BUH.

MADRID, Sept. 15 .- A telegram received by the Government from the Visaya Islands, Philippines, says that the Spanish gunboat equadron has sunk an insurgent steamer off Bulacan, and that many of her crew were

ENGLAND BACKS DOWN.

She Agrees to Russin's Demands with Regard to the Newchwang Railroad. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUR.

LONDON, Sept. 16 .- A despatch to the Times from Pekin says that, despite Lord Salis-bury's declaration that England would tolerate no interference on the part of any other power in the matter of the signed British contract for the Newchwang Bailroad loan, England has given way and agreed to all the conditions imposed by

Russia. Her withdrawal is inexplicable. Yesterday, as a result, Hu Yu Fen, the Director of Railroads, formally broke off negotiations with the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank on the ground that the financial terms were unsatisfactory, and resumed relations with the Russo-Chinese Bank. The Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank, despite the reduced security, has fulfilled the conditions of the preliminary agreement and offers the best terms possible in the London market. The Government is now bound to interpose to prevent China from evading the terms of the signed contract.

The Tsung-Li-Yamen has agreed to concede to a British syndicate the right to construct a railroad from Kaulung to Canton.

BIOTING IN INNER CHINA.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 15 .- Serious rioting has occurred at Hochon, fifty miles from Chung-King. The American and French missions were attacked and the latter were burned. The rebel chief Yu was the originator of the

A CUBAN ROAT FIRED ON.

Spaniards Attack the Fernando, Which Came Into Port with Supplies for the Cuban Troops-One Cuban Killed and Two Hurt. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Sept. 15.-Information reached here to-day from Manzanillo that the Spaniards at that place have violated the conditions of the protocol by attempting to capture the Cuban vessel Fernando, which entered the harbor with supplies for the Cuban troops. The vessel was fired on by Spaniards in a fort overlooking the bay. One Cuban was killed and two were slightly wounded. The Cubans under Gen. Bios, who were camping near the town, advanced to a position where the unloading of the Fernando could be protected.

A courier brought a request to Gen. Lawton to send an American guard to Manzanillo where it is feared that the patience of the Cubans will not stand many more abuses by the Spaniards, who have prevented the entrance of Cubans into the town to purchase food.

Gen. Lawton told the correspondent of THE Sun that unless the situation became more critical the request for a guard could not be complied with as Manzanillo was outside of his jurisdiction.

Two rapid-fire guns of modern pattern, evidently taken from one of the Spanish warships for use in the battle of San Juan, were found by Capt. Farnham, a field Quartermaster, yesterday. They were taken to-day to the Ordnance Department. One gun was found in a dense growth of bushes. It was painted green so that it could not be distinguished from the surrounding foliage. This is probably the gun the location of which could not be discovered during the engagement. The other gun was found in a deserted house in the suburbs of the city. It is believed that this gun and a large number of small arms were concealed by Cubans for use in the event of further disturbances. A Cuban told where the guns were, first imposing silence as to his identity.

Col. Hood's regiment will leave to-morrow for Alto Songo, twenty miles north of Santiago on the railroad, where a new camp will be established. Col. Sargent's regiment will succeed col. Hood's in garrisoning Santiago.

The sickness among Col. Hood's men is decreasing. Their new camp will be in a healthful location in the mountains.

The harbor is nearly clear of vessels. All the Government boats have gone, except the transport Massachusetts, which will sail in a few

WILL THE SULTAN RESIST? x-Minister Angell Says He Won't Give Up Crete if He Can Help It.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. London, Sept. 15.-Among the passengers on the steamer Teutonic is Mr. Angell, the American ex-Minister to Turkey. In an interview ne says that when he left Constantinople it was already evident that the situation in Crete was desperate. He added that the powers have all their work cut out, and that only a strong hand can furnish the remedy.

The Turks do not regard the massacre of Christians or British soldiers as an occurrence of any magnitude. Turkey wants to hold the island. It will be a desperate parting if she has to give it up. Nobody is more determined to resist than the Sultan.

Three Lava Streams Flowing Down the Mountain—The Observatory in Danger. Special Cable Desputch to THE SUR.

ROME. Sept. 15 .- The eruption of Mount Vesuvius continues to increase in volume and intensity. Part of the roadway from the mountain leading to the observatory and the lower station of the railroad have been destroyed by a lava stream. Lava is flowing from the volano in three streams, one along the foot of Monte Somma, one in the middle of Vetranaone, and a third along the Monte Crocella.

The stream along the foot of Monte Sommi s burning the chestnut forests and nearly reaches the observatory. The central flow is lose to the barracks. The Monte Crocella stream passes close to Cook & Son's building, and is likely to threaten the observatory.

WAR CLOUDS BLOW OVER.

Chili and Argentina Agree to Arbitrate Their Differences. Special Cable Despatch to THE BUR.

LONDON, Sept. 16 .- A despatch to the Times rom Buenos Ayres says that there is no danger of a war between Chili and Argentina. Both have agreed to a full and unlimited arbitration of the matters in dispute between them. The foregoing is supported by a statement made by the Argentine Minister in Paris.

ROUGH RIDER SHOOTS UP A SALOON. Dulin Wouldn't Take a Dare-He and His

Comrade Arrested. Late last night Charles L. Dulin of St. Louis, who is an acting Major of the rough riders, met Charles Thompson of Jersey City in Sixth avenue. Dulin had already been drinking, but Thompson invited him into Clancy's saloon at Twentyninth street to get a drink. While in the saloon Thompson dared the rough rider to fire

off his revolver.

The latter promptly pulled the trigger and fired several shots. One smashed a mirror and another was directed toward the swinging door The crowd on the street scattered in alarm.

The crowd on the street scattered in alarm, and several people narrowly escaped injury. Policeman Drake of the West Thirtieth street station heard the reports. He ran into the saloon and arrested Dulin and Thompson.

Dulin said he was a member of the First United States Cavairy at the beginning of the war, but was detached from his regiment and trainferred to the rough riders. He had a letter in his pocket addressed to the President and signed by Col. Boosevelt and other officers of the regiment recommending, him for adaptive regiment recommending him for adaptive regiment because of bravery shown at Bantage.

SPAIN NAMES HER ENVOYS.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE MEN WHO WILL REPRESENT THAT COUNTRY AT PARIS.

Sagasta Says He Had to Cut Off the Debates to Keep Order in the Chamber-Bill Surrendering Spain's Possessions in the West Indies Presented to the Queen Regent for Signature-Her Visits to the Sick-

Special Cable Despatches to Tun Sun. Madrid, Sept. 15.-It is now announced that the Spanish Peace Commissioners will be Seller Montero Rios, President of the Senate; Señor Abarzuza, Señor Villarrutia, the Spanish Minister to Belgium, and Gen. Cerero. The selection of the fifth member is left to Senor Montero Rios, the Government stipulating that

he must be versed in fluance in order to deal with the question of the Cuban debt. The Queen Regent presided over the Cabinet Council to-day. Prime Minister Sagasta dealt with the Parliamentary situation. He said he regretted that it was necessary to cut short the lebates, but it had to be done in order to prevent disorderly scenes in the Chamber similar to those which had occurred in the Senate. As soon as the Peace Protocol bill was passed the

Cortes was closed. The officers of the Chamber of Deputies yes-terday presented to the Queen Regent for her signature the bill surrendering the Spanish possessions in the West Indies.

The Queen Regent pays daily visits to the sick and wounded soldiers and marines and convalescents, being conveyed in the royal carriage to the Casa del Casa camps. The royal park and the royal dairies have been placed at the disposal of the sick, wounded and convalescent, and the Queen Regent also pays from her private purse for food for them.

The officers and soldiers all extol the kindness of the United States troops. They say they have no animosity toward the Americans, but denounce the Cubans roundly as traitors,

cowards and criminals. BAYONNE, France, Sept. 15 .- Advices received from Madrid say that in the Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday a Cuban Deputy criticised the Spanish Army, whereupon Señor Lara, an artillery officer, shouted, "You are a flibuster." The two men then rushed at one another and exchanged blows with walking sticks. Lars has challenged the Cuban.

EVACUATING PORTO RICO.

The Spanish Warships Are Gone and the Soldiers Will Follow Soon. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Sept. 15.-It was auounced after this morning's meeting that the two commissions had agreed upon all of the substantial points of discussion. The departure of the Spanish war vessels for Martinique, en route for Spain, yesterday, was really the beginning of the evacuation of the Spaniards. The departure of the troops will follow as soon as it is possible to get transports for them. Everything here is in readiness for their embarkation. The troops are coming in from the nland towns, but the Spanish outposts are still being maintained.

The joint commission discussed this mornng the subject of the evacuation of the towns of Aguadilla, the port on the northwest coast; Lares and San Sebastian and the island of Vieques, off the east coast. It was agreed that Lares and San Sebastian should be evacuated list, probably within a day or two, whon American forces from Mayaguez will enter the towns and raise the Stars and Stripes. The

commission will meet again to-morrow.

The transport Yucatan arrived here this morning with recruits for Gen. Brooke's cavalry escort, a number of clerks, an interpreter

for the commission, and a paymester from Ponce, who is bound for Santiago. The Spanish transport Ciudad de Cadiz has arrived from Cuba. She has Spanish troops on coard who are bound for Spain. Gen. Brooke has received no further reports

of yellow fever at Ponce. The impression is growing that the reports of yellow fever there were due to a mistake in diagnosis. Nevertheless every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease in the event of it being true yellow fever.

INSULT TO THE CUBANS.

They Resent the Statement That They Would Despoil the Spaniards.

Special Cuble Despatch to THE BUN. HAVANA, Sept. 15.-Firmin Valdez Dominguez, secretary of Maximo Gomez, was interviewed to-day by Senor Canarte, the representative of the Diario de la Marina, Secretary Valdez Dominguez said to him that it is a gratuitous insult to the revolutionary party to fear that, when the Spanish sovereignty comes to an end in Cuba, it will divide up Spanish property among its members. He added that the interests of all the inhabitants of the island, of whatever political opinions, will be guaranteed and re-

spected by the revolutionary party. To-morrow the French steamer Château Lafitta will leave Havana for La Coruña with 1,000 sick men from the Spanish troops on

board. The insurgent Col. Dionisis Arencibia is encamped with his forces near San Antonio de los Baños. The inhabitants of the town offered him a breakfast. Col. Arencibia informed them that he had orders to respect all persons and to neither take nor collect anything from any one. He added that he and his men are anxious to

return to their homes and to enjoy again their quiet lives of labor, forgetting the past. To-day the British Col. Leverson, of the Royal Engineers, took leave of Gen. Blanco. being about to return to his own country. Ha came to Cuba to watch the Spanish-American

war. BLACK TO REVIEW THE NINTH.

The Regiment Will Stop Over in Albany Te-Day on the Homeward Trip.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 15.-The Ninth Regiment of New York will probably be reviewed by the Governor in this city to-morrow morning, the troops remaining over here several ing, the troops remaining over here several hours for the purpose. Col. G. James Greene some time ago indicated to the Governor his wish to give him the honor of a personal review of the regiment while it was in the city on the way to New York, where it is to be mustered out. This afternoon Gov. Black, through Adjt. -tien, Tillinghast, telegraphed Col. Greene at Buffalo that he would review the regiment, if the troops desired it, from the terrace on the Washington avenue side of the Capitol, at 10:15 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The regiment is expected to arrive in this city from Buffalo at an early hour to-morrow morning.

Fourteenth of Brooklyn and Ninth New York Coming To-Day

The Fourteenth Regiment of Brooklyn, Col Wilder, will arrive here some time between ? and 9 o'clock this morning over the Pennsylvania Bailroad from Camp Shipp, at Anniston, vania Railroad from Camp Shipp, at Anniston,
Ala. Major Appel, the expert medical officer,
was notified yesterday that there were liftyseven sick men in the regiment, and arrangements to care for them will be made. The
Ninth Regiment will arrive here from Albany
this afternoon and will mareh to its armoty,
escorted by the veterans' association of the
regiment. The 100th Regiment will probably
not participate in the parade.

AURANIA DISABLED.

She Passes Brow Head in a Fog in Tow by the Tentonic.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUN.

QUEENSTOWN. Sept. 15.—The steamer Teuonic, which sailed from Liverpool for New

York yesterday, passed Brow Head this after-noon with the Aurania in tow. moving south-ward. Her signals are undiscernible on ac-count of the feg.